

Sub-national composite risk - darker = higher. Source: GeoBit.

Morocco dataset (CSV) - events, per-region risk, cyber & sources

1 Day - \$5

1 Week - \$15

1 Month - \$39 - best value

```
function gbBuyCsv(s,dt,range){var
u='/api/data-checkout?country='+encodeURIComponent(s);if(dt)u+='&date='+encodeURIComponent(dt);if(range)u+='&range=
r.json();}).then(function(d){if(d&&d.url){location.href=d.url;}else{alert((d&&d.error)||'Dataset
download is not available yet.';)}).catch(function(){alert('Could not start checkout.';);}}
```

Threat Trajectory

Threat Breakdown

Each category 0-100, scored from live conflict, insurgency, crime, protest & Cloudflare Radar cyber feeds. See the full threat matrix

Cyber & Internet Disruption

Layer-7 DDoS attack intensity (0-100, normalized) & internet outages over the last 28 days - Source: Cloudflare Radar.

Situation Summary

Morocco remains a relatively stable nation at global rank #69 (composite threat score 29), with manageable security risk for most populated areas. However, sub-national risk is concentrated in the south and north: Draa-Tafilalet (risk 31.4) and Laayoune-Sakia El Hamra (risk 20.6) show significantly elevated threat profiles. The security environment is not deteriorating, but localized vulnerabilities in remote southern regions and the northern coastline warrant targeted monitoring.

Key Developments

Current web research has not yielded verified, time-stamped security incidents in Morocco for the 24-48-hour window (2026-06-11 to 2026-06-12). The most recent Morocco-adjacent event signal in the platform data is a public statement from Denmark on 2026-06-12, but no corroborating incident detail or Morocco nexus is available.

Note: GeoBit's event-signal system has flagged activity entities (Myanmar, President, Marine Corp, etc.) that do not correspond to Morocco-specific incidents in real-time web searches. This suggests either:

- Geographic attribution lag or data-processing artifact, or
- Events are nascent and not yet widely reported.

Operationally, Operation Marhaba (seasonal travel facilitation, 10 June-September) is underway but is administrative, not a security event. Corporate teams should treat current incident reporting as

baseline unless new alerts emerge.

Highest-Risk Areas

Draa-Tafilalet (southeast; risk 31.4) is the single highest-threat region, likely reflecting historical militant activity, remote terrain, and border porosity with Algeria. Laayoune-Sakia El Hamra (Western Sahara territories; risk 20.6) carries political and separatist tensions, plus limited state control in peripheral zones. Tangier-Tetouan-Al Hoceima (northern coast; risk 10.6) reflects trafficking, migrant-transit volatility, and occasional civil unrest. By contrast, Casablanca-Settat, Rabat-Sale-Kenitra, and Souss-Massa (economic heartland and tourist zones) show low composite risk (6, 5.2, 2.6 respectively), consistent with established security presence and international scrutiny.

Personnel and assets in Rabat, Casablanca, and Marrakech carry substantially lower duty-of-care exposure than those in southern interior or far-north remote locations.

How GeoBit Would Assist

Security teams managing Morocco exposure should deploy AOI Monitoring & Early Warning on Draa-Tafilalet and Laayoune-Sakia El Hamra with persistent alerting for movement, gathering, or incident clustering. OSINT fusion (X/Twitter, Telegram, local news, entity extraction) will detect emerging unrest, criminal activity, or militant signaling earlier than official channels. For personnel in transit, Routing & Network Analysis can identify alternative routes that avoid high-risk areas in real time, while Conflict & Military tracking and GIS & Spatial Analysis keep teams informed of shifting threat geometry in unstable regions.

7-Day Outlook

No imminent escalation is evident in available intelligence; Morocco's security posture remains consistent with mid-range global risk. However, the south's endemic instability and seasonal variation in militant activity warrant sustained monitoring. Corporate teams should maintain baseline precautions in Draa-Tafilalet and northern border zones, and activate rapid-response communication protocols if GeoBit alerts spike in frequency or severity over the next 7 days.

Highest-Risk Areas - Ranked

#State / RegionRisk1Draa-Tafilalet31.42Laayoune-Sakia El Hamra20.63Tangier-Tetouan-Al Hoceima10.64Casablanca-Settat65Rabat-Sale-Kenitra5.26Souss-Massa2.67Western Sahara1.48Guelmim-Oued Noun1.49Dakhla-Oued Ed-Dahab1.410Beni Mellal-Khenifra1.411Fez-Meknes1.412Oriental1.4

Sources

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REPORTED EVENTS (MOST-CITED)

No high-confidence events in the current window.

Generated by GeoBit AI on 2026-06-12 from publicly reported events. Context only; not a risk advisory.