

Sub-national composite risk - darker = higher. Source: GeoBit.

Namibia dataset (CSV) - events, per-region risk, cyber & sources

1 Day - \$5

1 Week - \$15

1 Month - \$39 - best value

```
function gbBuyCsv(s,dt,range){var
u='/api/data-checkout?country='+encodeURIComponent(s);if(dt)u+='&date='+encodeURIComponent(dt);if(range)u+='&range=
r.json();}).then(function(d){if(d&&d.url){location.href=d.url;}else{alert((d&&d.error)||'Dataset
download is not available yet.')}}).catch(function(){alert('Could not start checkout.')}});}
```

## Threat Trajectory

## Threat Breakdown

Each category 0-100, scored from live conflict, insurgency, crime, protest & Cloudflare Radar cyber feeds. See the full threat matrix

## Cyber & Internet Disruption

Layer-7 DDoS attack intensity (0-100, normalized) & internet outages over the last 28 days - Source: Cloudflare Radar.

## Situation Summary

Namibia remains a low-threat environment globally (rank #153, composite score 4) with stable institutions and low frequency of organized conflict or mass civil unrest. The country's security profile is dominated by localized governance concerns and routine law enforcement activity rather than acute violent incidents or infrastructure threats. Regional disparities exist, with Otjozondjupa Region significantly elevated above national baseline; other regions cluster at minimal risk levels. No indicators suggest deterioration in the near term.

## Key Developments

Unable to confirm specific incidents in the last 24-48 hours. Open-source research did not yield incidents in Namibia that could be verified as occurring within the last two days with sufficient specificity (confirmed date, location, actor, and consequence). Event signals in the GeoBit feed flagged above (Department of Agriculture, Ministry, Police, arrest/detention activity) lack sufficient geographic and temporal detail to attribute to current Namibian territory or timeframe with confidence. Historical governance concerns (e.g., Keetmanshoop Municipality corruption investigations) exist but are not breaking incidents.

Recommendation: Security teams should use GeoBit's Intel Sweep and multi-language OSINT capabilities with real-time filtering on major Namibian outlets (The Namibian, New Era, NBC) and regional feeds to identify breaking incidents within the 24-48h window. Cross-referencing with official Namibia Police, Roads Authority, and ministry statements ensures accuracy before escalation.

## Highest-Risk Areas

Otjozondjupa Region dominates the sub-national ranking (risk 31.4)-more than 20 times the baseline of all other regions (1.4 each). This outlier status warrants focused monitoring; drivers likely include localized crime, informal settlement tensions, or historical resource-access disputes in the region's rural and semi-urban zones. All other ranked regions (Kunene, Omusati, Ohangwena, Oshana, Oshikoto, Kavango West/East, Omaheke, Erongo, Khomas, Zambezi) sit at parity and minimal absolute risk, indicating risk is neither diffuse nor escalating nationwide. Khomas Region (containing Windhoek, the capital) remains low-risk despite urban density, reflecting effective policing and institutional stability.

## How GeoBit Would Assist

Security teams should deploy Area-of-Interest (AOI) Monitoring & Early Warning on Otjozondjupa Region to track activity patterns, crime trends, and any emerging civil unrest with persistent alerting. GIS & Spatial Analysis and Routing & Network Analysis capabilities allow duty-of-care teams to plan alternative travel corridors and assess safe zones for personnel and asset movement, particularly in higher-risk districts. Intel Sweep and OSINT fusion with real-time filtering on regional and national sources provide early warning of protests, accidents, security force mobilization, or infrastructure disruption before impact on corporate operations.

## 7-Day Outlook

No acute threats are expected to materialize in the next seven days. Namibia's institutional stability, low violent-crime baseline, and absence of active insurgency or mass political tension suggest the current low-threat posture will persist. Monitor Otjozondjupa Region for any uptick in localized incidents, but no escalation to national level is anticipated absent unforeseen external shocks (e.g., significant regional instability spillover from neighboring states).

## Highest-Risk Areas - Ranked

#State / RegionRisk1Otjozondjupa31.42Kunene  
Region1.43Omusati1.44Ohangwena1.45Oshana1.46Oshikoto1.47Kavango West1.48Omaheke1.49Kavango  
East1.410Erongo Region1.411Khomas1.412Zambezi1.4

## Sources

- facebook.com
- instagram.com
- facebook.com
- cliffedekkerhofmeyr.com
- instagram.com
- facebook.com
- instagram.com
- youtube.com
- sciencedirect.com
- the-big-walk-2026.raiselysite.com

## Previous Daily Briefs

A new Namibia brief is written every day - each with its own risk map and downloadable CSV. Here's

the last week; use the calendar to go further back.

- June 4, 2026 CSV - \$5 Browse every day by calendar Highlighted days have a brief. Tap a day for that day's map & analysis, or "csv" for that day's dataset (\$5).

June 2026SMTWTFS1234csv567891011121314csv15161718192021222324252627282930

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## **REPORTED EVENTS (MOST-CITED)**

No high-confidence events in the current window.

Generated by GeoBit AI on 2026-06-14 from publicly reported events. Context only; not a risk advisory.