

Sub-national composite risk - darker = higher. Source: GeoBit.

Senegal dataset (CSV) - events, per-region risk, cyber & sources

1 Day - \$5

1 Week - \$15

1 Month - \$39 - best value

```
function gbBuyCsv(s,dt,range){var
u='/api/data-checkout?country='+encodeURIComponent(s);if(dt)u+='&date='+encodeURIComponent(dt);if(range)u+='&range=
r.json();}).then(function(d){if(d&&d.url){location.href=d.url;}else{alert((d&&d.error)||'Dataset
download is not available yet.';)}).catch(function(){alert('Could not start checkout.';);}}
```

Threat Trajectory

Threat Breakdown

Each category 0-100, scored from live conflict, insurgency, crime, protest & Cloudflare Radar cyber feeds. See the full threat matrix

Cyber & Internet Disruption

Layer-7 DDoS attack intensity (0-100, normalized) & internet outages over the last 28 days - Source: Cloudflare Radar.

Situation Summary

Senegal remains a low-threat environment (global rank #149, composite score 2) with governance tensions and border spillover risk as primary concerns. A pattern of institutional friction-Senate-President rejection, Senate-US relations reduction, and judicial disapproval of Senate actions-has emerged over the past 72 hours, though these remain within normal democratic discourse. Jihadist activity remains confined to the Mali border region (particularly Tambacounda), with no active conflict inside Senegal proper; crime is rising in Dakar but remains localized. The country's overall trajectory is stable, with political disagreement and transnational terrorism as the principal monitored variables rather than acute security crises.

Key Developments

- 2026-06-04 - Dakar (national government) - Senate voted to reduce diplomatic relations with the United States; mechanism and rationale not yet detailed in available reporting.
- 2026-06-04 - National government - President rejected Senate legislation or motion; details not specified.
- 2026-06-04 - National government - Senate issued rejection vote; specific target not clarified in available event data.
- 2026-06-03 - National government - Judicial body issued disapproval of Senate actions.
- 2026-06-03 - Local/regional level - Municipal-level entity (Maine) issued disapproval of Senate

position.

- 2026-06-02 - Dakar (national government) - Governance institutions formally disapproved Senate conduct or policy.

Note: Detailed rationales, legislative content, and specific vote tallies are not available in current reporting. These are institutional signals rather than street-level security events.

Highest-Risk Areas

Tambacounda Region stands dramatically apart at risk score 31.4—a 22-fold elevation above all other tracked regions—reflecting persistent jihadist activity and weapons movement within the Mali-Senegal border corridor. The region has experienced increased gendarmerie deployment and security infrastructure expansion in response to spillover from western Mali, where JNIM and affiliated groups conduct regular attacks. All other regions (Dakar through Kolda) cluster at 1.4, indicating that threat concentration is almost entirely localized to the eastern border zone. Organizations with personnel or assets in Tambacounda, Kedougou, or Saraya should apply heightened vetting and movement protocols; Dakar-based operations face crime (petty and armed robbery) and demonstration-related disruption rather than terrorism risk.

How GeoBit Would Assist

Teams should deploy AOI Monitoring & Early Warning on Tambacounda and the Kedougou-Saraya corridor to track jihadist activity, weapons transit, and security-force positioning with persistent alerting. Network & Actor Analysis will map Senate-Executive friction, track institutional actors, and assess whether political tension poses indirect risks to foreign operations (visa delays, asset freezes, or regulatory action). Conflict & Military intelligence and Satellite & Imagery Analysis provide real-time border-security and force-deployment visibility, enabling predictive routing and movement planning via Routing & Network Analysis to avoid emerging hotspots. Combined, these tools support both immediate duty-of-care decisions and 30-90-day scenario planning.

7-Day Outlook

Institutional friction is likely to persist; Senate-Executive disputes and US relations remain in flux. No imminent escalation to street-level instability is signaled by available reporting. Monitor Tambacounda for any shift in jihadist operational tempo or cross-border incursion; unchanged activity suggests the current defensive posture is holding. Dakar demonstrations should be tracked via social media and municipal notice for route and event planning.

Highest-Risk Areas - Ranked

#State / Region Risk
1 Tambacounda Region 31.4
2 Dakar Region 1.4
3 Louga Region 1.4
4 Thies Region 1.4
5 Fatick Region 1.4
6 Diourbel Region 1.4
7 Kaolack Region 1.4
8 Saint-Louis Region 1.4
9 Kafrine Region 1.4
10 Ziguinchor Region 1.4
11 Sedhiou Region 1.4
12 Kolda Region 1.4

Sources

- youtube.com
- africacenter.org
- gov.uk
- senemgroup.com
- youtube.com
- africansecurityanalysis.com

- travel.state.gov

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REPORTED EVENTS (MOST-CITED)

No high-confidence events in the current window.

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